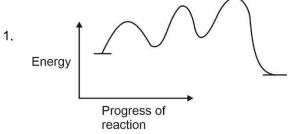


CHEMISTRY

SECTION - A

Multiple Choice Questions: This section contains 20 multiple choice questions. Each question has 4 choices (1), (2), (3) and (4), out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

Choose the correct answer:



- (P) Number of intermediates = 2
- (Q) Number of transition states = 3
- (R) Reaction is endothermic

Correct statement is

- (1) P & Q only
- (2) P & R only
- (3) Q & R only
- (4) P, Q, R

Answer (1)

Sol. 3-step reaction

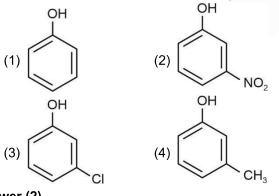
Number of transition states = 3

Number of intermediates = 2

Reaction is exothermic

As ∆H < 0

2. Which of the following compound is most acidic?



Answer (2)

Sol. NO.

is most acidic due to -I effect of

-NO₂ group.

- 3. Which of the following is most basic
 - (1) Tl₂O₃
 - (2) TI₂O
 - (3) Cr₂O₃
 - (4) B_2O_3

Answer (2)

Sol. TI⁺ oxide is more basic than TI³⁺ Cr₂O₃ is amphoteric

- 4. Which of the following element is not present in Nessler's reagent?
 - (1) K
 - (2) Hg
 - (3) N
 - (4) I

Answer (3)

Sol. Nessler's reagent is alkaline solution of K2Hgl4

- 5. Which of the following is not obtained on electrolysis of brine solution
 - (1) NaOH
 - (2) H₂ gas
 - (3) Cl₂ gas
 - (4) Na

Answer (4)

Sol. Anode

$$2CI^{-} \longrightarrow CI_2 + 2e^{-}$$

Cathode

$$2e^- + 2H_2O \longrightarrow H_2 + 2OH^-$$

Na metal is not obtained on electrolysis of brine.

- 6. BeCl₂ exists as in solid state, vapour phase and at high temperature of the order of 1200 K in that order.
 - (1) Polymer, Dimer and Monomer
 - (2) Dimer, Polymer and Monomer
 - (3) Monomer, Dimer and Polymer
 - (4) Polymer, Monomer and Dimer

Answer (1)

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Sol. BeCl₂ has a linear polymeric chain structure with Be-atom undergoing sp^3 hybridisation. In the vapour phase BeCl₂ tends to form a chloro-bridged dimer,

which dissociates into the linear monomer at high temperature of the order of 1200 K.

- 7. Which of the following has highest hydration energy.
 - (1) Be⁺²
 - (2) Mg⁺²
 - (3) Ca++
 - (4) Ba+2

Answer (1)

- **Sol.** Hydration energy decreases down the group in the 2nd group metal cation.
- 8. Oxidation state of Mn in KMnO₄ changes by 3 units in which medium?
 - (1) Strongly acidic
 - (2) Strongly basic
 - (3) Aqueous neutral
 - (4) Weakly acidic

Answer (3)

Sol. KMnO₄ in aqueous neutral medium reduces to MnO₂.

$$2KMnO_4 + H_2O \rightarrow 2MnO_2 + 2KOH + \frac{3}{2}O_2$$

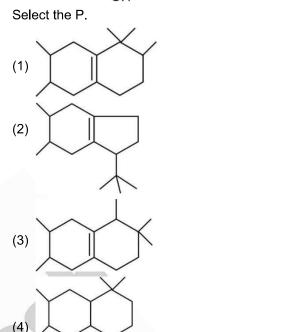
- .. Oxidation state of Mn in KMnO₄ changes from +7 to +4 i.e., by 3 units.
- 9. IUPAC name of the compound K₃[Co(C₂O₄)₃] is
 - (1) Potassium trioxalatocobalt (III)
 - (2) Potassium trioxalatocobaltate (III)
 - (3) Potassium cobalttrioxalate (II)
 - (4) Potassium oxalatocobaltate (III)

Answer (2)

Sol. IUPAC name of $K_3[Co(C_2O_4)_3]$ is Potassium trioxalatocobaltate (III).

10. Consider the following reaction

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \xrightarrow{H^+} Product (P)
\end{array}$$



Answer (1)

Sol.

11. During detection of Lead.

Formation of which of following compound is not used as confirmatory test.

- (1) PbSO₄
- (2) Pb(NO₃)₂
- (3) PbCrO₄
- (4) Pbl₂

Answer (2)

Sol. PbSO₄ - White ppt

PbCrO₄ - Yellow ppt

Pbl₂ - Yellow ppt

Pb(NO₃)₂ - Soluble



12. Identify the final product (B) formed in the following sequence of reactions.

Answer (3)

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ \\ \\ \\ CH_{3} \end{array} \xrightarrow{CH_{3}Mgl} \begin{array}{c} O \\ \\ \\ \\ CH_{3} \end{array} \xrightarrow{CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}-1} \\ \\ CH_{3} \end{array}$$

Sol.

- 13. Consider the following:
 - (i) D.D.T.
 - (ii) Aldrin
 - (iii) Sodium arsenite
 - (iv) Sodium chlorate

How many of these are pesticides?

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 4

Answer (2)

Sol. D.D.T. and Aldrin are pesticides while sodium arsenite and sodium chlorate are herbicides.

Amino Acid Letter code A. Alanine P. N B. Asparagine Q. A C. Aspartic acid R. R D. Arginine S. D (1) A - Q; B - S; C - P; D - R (2) A - Q; B - S; C - R; D - P (3) A - S; B - P; C - R; D - Q (4) A - S; B - P; C - P; D - R

Answer (1)

Sol. Alanine	-	Α
Arginine	-	R
Aspartic acid	_	D
Asparagine	-	Ν

- 15.
- 16.
- 17.
- 18.
- 19.
- 20.

SECTION - B

Numerical Value Type Questions: This section contains 10 questions. In Section B, attempt any five questions out of 10. The answer to each question is a **NUMERICAL VALUE.** For each question, enter the correct numerical value (in decimal notation, truncated/rounded-off to the second decimal place; e.g., 06.25, 07.00, –00.33, –00.30, 30.27, –27.30) using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.

21. The number of compounds that give iodoform test

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Answer (02.00)

give iodoform test.

22. If a_0 is the radius of H-atom de-Broglie wavelength of e^- in 3^{rd} orbit of Li^{2+} ion is $x\pi a_0$. Find out x.

Answer (02.00)

Sol.
$$r_3 = \frac{a_0 \times (3)^2}{(3)} = 3a_0$$

$$2\pi r=3\lambda$$

$$2\pi(3a_0) = 3\lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 2\pi a_0$$

$$x = 2$$

- 23. How many of the following will have same relative lowering in vapour pressure?
 - (A) 1 M NaCl
 - (B) 1 M Urea
 - (C) 1.5 M AICI₃
 - (D) 2 M Na₂SO₄

Answer (02.00)

$$\textbf{Sol.} \ \frac{\Delta P}{p_{solvent}} = i(x_{solute})$$

i.M should be same

- (A) $1 \times 2 = 2$
- (B) $1 \times 1 = 1$
- (C) $1.5 \times 4 = 6$
- (D) $2 \times 3 = 6$
- (C) & (D) will have same RLVP
- 24. We are given with 7 type of lattice.
 - A. Cubic
 - B. tetragonal

- C. Orthorhombic
- D. Hexagonal
- E. Rhombohedral
- F. Monoclinic
- G. Triclinic

How many of them can have BCC unit cell?

Answer (03.00)

- **Sol.** Cubic, tetragonal and orthorhombic can have BCC unit cell
- 25. How many of the given molecules are square planar in shape?

 XeF_4 , SF_4 , $[Ni(CO)_4]$, $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$, $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$, $[FeCl_4]^{2-}$, $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$, $[PdCl_4]^{2-}$

Answer (04.00)

Sol. XeF₄ : square planar

SF₄ : see saw

[Ni(CO)₄] : tetrahedral

 $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$: square planar

[NiCl₄]²⁻ : tetrahedral

[FeCl₄]²⁻ : tetrahedral

[Cu(NH₃)₄]²⁺ : square planar

[PdCl₄]²⁻ : square planar

26. Volume of HBr (0.02 M) (in ml) needed to completely neutralise Ba(OH)₂ (0.01 M, 10 ml)

Answer (10)

Sol. mEq of HBr = mEq of $Ba(OH)_2$

$$0.02 \times V = 0.01 \times 10 \times 2$$

$$V = \frac{0.02 \times 10}{0.02} = 10 \text{ mJ}$$

- 27.
- 28.
- 29.
- 30.