

OPHTHALMOLOGY

NEET PG 202

RECALL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

1.A 60 year old male presented with painless loss of vision. Fundus examination is shown below. What is the likely finding and its cause?



A.Soft exudates, hypertension

B.Hard exudates, diabetes mellitus

C.Flame hemorrhages, hypertension

D.Central retinal vein occlusion, diabetes mellitus

2.A 1 month old infant is brought to ophthalmology OPD with history of photophobia and lacrimation. Most likely diagnosis is



- A.Congenital glaucoma
- B.Birth trauma
- C.Ophthalmia neonatorum
- D.Mucopolysaccharidosis

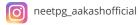
3.A 15-year-old girl presented with the following disease. She is likely to suffer which of the following due to the deformity?



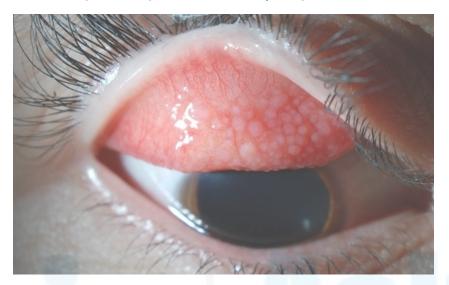
- A.Exposure keratitis
- **B.Cataract**
- C.Restricted ocular movements
- D.Amblyopia

4.An enucleation specimen from a child with white reflex and diminished on histology showed Flexner Wintersteiner rosettes and round cells. Most likely cause is?

- A.Retinoblastoma
- B.Medulloblastoma
- C.Rhabdomyosarcoma
- D.Lymphoma



5.A contact lens user presented with symptoms of watery discharge. Fluorescent staining was negative. Most likely diagnosis is



- A.Follicular conjunctivitis
- B. Giant papillary conjunctivitis
- C.Vernal catarrh
- D.Trachoma

6.A 15 year old girl with refractive error was not compliant with spectacles for her myopia. Which of the following is a suitable management option in her case?

A.LASIK

B.Femto LASIK

C.Spherical equivalent spectacles

D.ICL

7.In treatment of open angle glaucoma in a case of bronchial asthma, which nof the following drugs is suitable?

A.Alprostadil

B.Gemeprost

C.Carboprost

D.Latanoprost

ANSWERS

1.B

2.A

3.A

4.A

5.B

6.D

7.D

